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# **django-subcommand2 Documentation**

***Release 0.1.1***

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## django-subcommand2

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### 1.1 Documentation

The full documentation is at <https://django-subcommand2.readthedocs.io>.

### 1.2 Install

Install django-subcommand:

```
pip install django-subcommand2
```

### 1.3 Usage

```
# myapp.management.commands.parent_command.py
from subcommand.base import SubcommandCommand

from .subcommands.sub import MySubcommand

class Command(SubcommandCommand):
    help = 'My Parent Command'

    subcommands = {
        'sub': MySubcommand,  # python manage.py parent_command sub
    }

# myapp.management.commands.subcommands.sub.py
from django.core.management.base import BaseCommand

class MySubcommand(BaseCommand):
    help = 'My Sub Command'
```





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# Installation

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At the command line:

```
$ easy_install django-subcommand2
```

Or, if you have virtualenvwrapper installed:

```
$ mkvirtualenv django-subcommand2  
$ pip install django-subcommand2
```



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## Usage

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To use django-subcommand2 in a project:

```
# myapp.management.commands.parent_command.py
from subcommand.base import SubcommandCommand

from .subcommands.sub import MySubcommand

class Command(SubcommandCommand):
    help = 'My Parent Command'

    subcommands = {
        'sub': MySubcommand,  # python manage.py parent_command sub
    }

# myapp.management.commands.subcommands.sub.py
from django.core.management.base import BaseCommand

class MySubcommand(BaseCommand):
    help = 'My Sub Command'
```



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## Contributing

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Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given. You can contribute in many ways:

### 4.1 Types of Contributions

#### 4.1.1 Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/CptLemming/django-subcommand2/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

#### 4.1.2 Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

#### 4.1.3 Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “feature” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

#### 4.1.4 Write Documentation

django-subcommand2 could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official django-subcommand2 docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

#### 4.1.5 Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/CptLemming/django-subcommand2/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

## 4.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here's how to set up *django-subcommand2* for local development.

1. Fork the *django-subcommand2* repo on GitHub.
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/django-subcommand2.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have virtualenvwrapper installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv django-subcommand2
$ cd django-subcommand2/
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:

```
$ flake8 subcommand tests
$ python setup.py test
$ tox
```

To get flake8 and tox, just pip install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

## 4.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python 2.6, 2.7, and 3.3, and for PyPy. Check [https://travis-ci.org/CptLemming/django-subcommand2/pull\\_requests](https://travis-ci.org/CptLemming/django-subcommand2/pull_requests) and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

## 4.4 Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ python -m unittest tests.test_subcommand
```





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**Credits**

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## 5.1 Development Lead

- Ashley Wilson <[scifilem@gmail.com](mailto:scifilem@gmail.com)>

## 5.2 Contributors

None yet. Why not be the first?



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## History

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### 6.1 0.1.0 (2016-01-26)

- First release on PyPI.

### 6.2 0.1.1 (2016-01-26)

- Update badges.